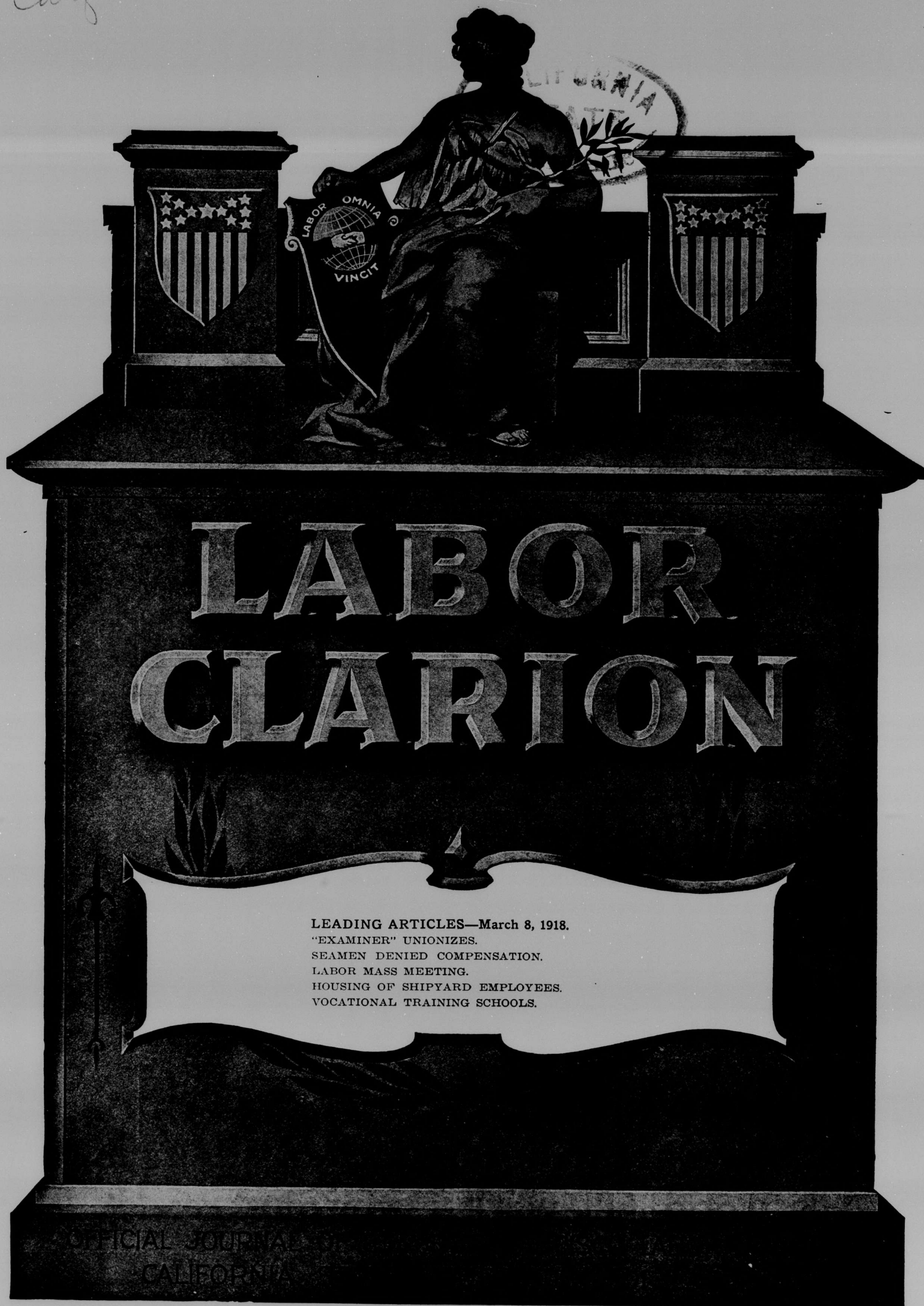


Calif



LEADING ARTICLES—March 8, 1918.

"EXAMINER" UNIONIZES.

SEAMEN DENIED COMPENSATION.

LABOR MASS MEETING.

HOUSING OF SHIPYARD EMPLOYEES.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOLS.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF  
CALIFORNIA



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the world of the workers you must read it.



## "EXAMINER" UNIONIZES.

Web Pressmen's Union No. 4 has negotiated a working agreement and wage scale with the management of the San Francisco "Examiner," whereby members of that union are to be employed in the pressroom of the "Examiner" plant at union wages and under union conditions.

The agreement has been signed and the web pressmen employed in the "Examiner" pressroom have signed their applications for membership in the Web Pressmen's Union and will be initiated into the union on Saturday night.

The agreement entered into between the "Examiner" and Web Pressmen's Union No. 4 has been ratified by the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union. International President George Berry has personally complimented Daniel C. Murphy and Clyde E. Bowen, the committee representing the union in the conferences that led up to the signing of the working agreement, upon the able manner in which they conducted the affair and the splendid agreement negotiated, which, President Berry says, is satisfactory in every detail.

Thus is ended, with victory to the union, a trade union fight that has extended over a period of six years, and which at times threatened to involve other labor organizations.

For the first time since May 11, 1912, the San Francisco "Examiner" is now entitled to the use of the union label of the Allied Printing Trades Council of San Francisco.

## RUSSIA'S HOUR TO FIGHT!

Germany and freedom are opposites. Where Germany goes, freedom dies.

As Germany plunges into Russia, just so fast the opportunity of the Russian people to enjoy the blessings of freedom is taken away. Under the spiked helmet and the black flag there is no liberty.

The Russian people can stop the German hordes only with armed resistance.

The whole world looks and longs for a great uprising of the Russian people to stay the German advance and to help smash the foe of the civilized world.

And in every effort they make against the murderous autocrat the Russian people will find stretched out to them in helpfulness, encouragement and fraternity the hands of all the free and democratic peoples of the world.

There is no salvation from the Hun except through forceful self-protection. There is no safety except in strength.

## MACHINISTS VICTIMIZED.

The Southern Pacific Railroad is discharging machinists who are attempting to organize the company's shops in Los Angeles.

The men were told that "they were not discharged, but that they can not work in the Los Angeles shops any longer."

Federated shop trades are discussing the matter with government officials.

## NEGOTIATING AGREEMENTS.

John A. O'Connell, secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council, is busy negotiating new wage scales and working agreements, calling for an increase in wages and improved working conditions, for the Sugar Workers' Union and the Auto and Carriage Painters' Union. Most of the employers involved have expressed a willingness to sign the agreements.

## STATE COMPENSATIONS FUNDS.

Under the Ohio plan of exclusive state fund insurance for workmen's compensation, insured workers and their widows and children received last year \$8,000,000 in compensation benefits, at an administrative cost to the state of only \$312,279, whereas if carried by private insurance companies \$5,333,000 would have been the mere administrative cost of conveying the same \$8,000,000 to the insured workmen and their dependents.

This saving of overhead expense by the Ohio plan—more than \$5,000,000 in one state in a single year—is reported by the Ohio Industrial Commission in its bulletin, just issued, entitled "A Survey of the Workmen's Compensation Insurance Field in the United States."

Had the exclusive state fund plan been in operation in all states, according to the commission, there would have been a saving in 1917 alone of \$23,400,000, now turned over to private insurance companies—"sheer waste" with which the nation can ill afford to be burdened "with the grave national crisis that is now before this country."

Similar savings were recently reported by an official legislative investigating committee in Massachusetts, which found that it costs 66 2-3 cents to carry a dollar of compensation benefits through the stock company system from employer to injured employee. The Montana Industrial Accident Board has just reported that its state insurance plan "is unquestionably the cheapest insurance protection in existence."

Organized labor, in legislative campaigns of 1918, in several states, is urging the extension of the exclusive state fund plan as a result of years of experience under various systems of administration.

## DISTURBING THE PEACE.

State Labor Commissioner John P. McLaughlin has demonstrated the truth of the old adage, "You never can tell from the looks of a man what he can do."

Now, McLaughlin looks like a quiet sort of a chap; not at all like a man who would be guilty of disturbing the peace. In fact, he has the reputation of being a peaceful, law-abiding citizen. But—you never can tell.

A week ago McLaughlin, in company with W. T. Boyce, director United States Employment Service, made a trip to San Diego. They occupied adjoining berths on the Pullman. Upon their return from the South Boyce lodged the following charges against McLaughlin:

"That man McLaughlin ought to be arrested for disturbing the peace," declared Boyce. "Never again will I sleep in the same coach with McLaughlin."

Asked to explain, Boyce said:

"We were both tired, and having a hard day's work ahead of us we retired early. McLaughlin had the berth next to mine. No sooner had McLaughlin hit the berth than he began to snore. The longer he slept the harder he snored. The puffing and snorting of a steam engine was not in it with the snores of McLaughlin. Sleep was out of the question.

"The next morning McLaughlin complained of not sleeping well. I told him he had nothing on me. Explanations were in order, but, of course, McLaughlin thought I was kidding him.

"McLaughlin is a mighty good chap; but the next time we travel together I shall see to it that my berth is not in the same coach with him."

Do your buying at stores that display the union card and that close on Sunday.

## UNION LABEL STATIONERY.

A complaint was made at a meeting of the Label Section recently that it was hard to get union label water-marked paper in San Francisco, that prices of it were high, and that the quality was poor. After investigating the matter thoroughly we find that the complaint is unwarranted.

There is plenty of union label paper in San Francisco, at prices that compare favorably with other paper. Unions sending out communications of any kind should see to it that their letterheads and envelopes bear the water mark of the International Brotherhood of Papermakers. The same applies to typewriter second sheets (used for copies), ballots, by-laws, pamphlets, receipt books, dodgers or, in fact, any printing done by the various organizations, in all cases union label water-marked paper should be specified.

It goes without saying that the label of the Allied Printing Trades must also appear on the work as well as the label of the Photo-Engravers on all cuts, half-tones, etc.

The Bookbinders' Union reports that few local secretaries are insisting that the blank books, such as cash books, ledgers, etc., loose-leaf binders, indices and fillers, used by them bear the label of the Bookbinders' Union. Also that desk pads can be had bearing the union label. All secretaries are requested to keep this matter in mind. It is generally conceded in the business world that the stationery of a firm reflects in a measure the character of the firm. Now, if this holds good of a business house, it must also be true of a labor organization. And, if a union is consistently preaching the doctrines of the trade union movement, in season and out of season, it certainly looks bad for that union to be so careless of its stationery, as not to have the union label on it.

## WHY CAN'T P. O. MEN UNITE?

The El Paso "Herald" suggests that Postmaster General Burleson get in line with the government's policy on trade unionism, as indicated by a report of the President's mediation commission.

"How is this pro-unionism to be reconciled with the marked antagonism of the government toward unionism in the Postoffice Department?" asks the "Herald."

"Postal employees now understand that union agitation is equivalent to the loss of a job. The most rigorous of private employers was never more drastic in opposition to unions than the Postoffice Department has proved to be.

"It would relieve a certain confusion in the public mind if the government would clear up this discrepancy, at least to the extent of treating its civil servants as well as it expects private employers to treat their labor."

The report of the President's mediation commission referred to by the El Paso "Herald" is as follows:

"Modern large-scale industry has effectually destroyed the personal relation between employer and employee—the knowledge and co-operation that come from personal contact. It is, therefore, no longer possible to conduct industry by dealing with employees as individuals. Some form of collective relationship between management and men is indispensable. The recognition of this principle by the Government should form an accepted part of the labor policy of the nation."



**SEAMEN DENIED COMPENSATION.**

The California Workmen's Compensation act, which, in express terms includes maritime workers when injured in service on the navigable waters of the State and which was upheld by the State Supreme Court, was declared inoperative in such cases by the United States Supreme Court in an opinion filed last Monday. Press reports indicate that the court followed closely its former reasoning when it declared that stevedores working on ships at a dock in New York harbor did not come under the New York State compensation act, but in cases of accidental injuries were subject exclusively to the jurisdiction of the federal admiralty court and laws.

Immediately after the last-mentioned decision the friends of compensation secured amendments to the federal judicial code which gave maritime workers an option to sue, either in admiralty or to pursue the remedy provided by the local compensation act. According to press reports, said amendments to the judicial code are declared likewise inoperative to accomplish the latter purpose.

It seems that the only recourse to obtain the benefits of compensation for maritime workers would be either an amendment to the federal constitution defining admiralty jurisdiction, so as to permit such attempted legislation, which course is obviously futile, or to have enacted by Congress a general compensation act for maritime workers. The latter course is practical and should be at once pursued.

According to a statement attributed to Christopher M. Bradley, attorney for the California Industrial Accident Commission, relief to dependents of 178 seamen who were killed, 116 who were permanently crippled and more than 3,000 who suffered temporary disability, would have been extended if the United States Supreme Court had upheld the California compensation provisions for seamen, and the option afforded by the judicial code for seamen and their dependents to avail themselves of such remedy.

**UNION SMOKES FOR SOLDIERS.**

At the request of the Typographical Union of San Francisco the San Francisco Labor Council has appointed a special committee to devise ways and means to furnish union-made tobacco, cigars and cigarettes for the men in the United States Army and Navy who are fighting to make the world safe for democracy.

Thousands of trade unionists have joined the colors since the United States entered the war. It is only reasonable to suppose that these men demanded the union label when purchasing tobacco or cigarettes.

It is also a well-known fact that manufacturers of non-union products are backers of a widely-advertised scheme to supply our soldiers and sailors with smokes. It is significant that all the tobacco, cigars and cigarettes furnished the soldiers by these well-meaning people are made by notoriously non-union firms.

Now, however, the San Francisco Labor Council has started a movement to furnish union smokes to our soldiers and sailors. It is probable that voluntary contributions will be called for. When the call is issued, trade unionists should respond generously and promptly.

**TO AID FILM WORKERS.**

The San Francisco Theatrical Federation has unanimously decided to co-operate with the San Francisco Labor Council in assisting the recently organized Film Exchange Employees' Union in securing decent wages and working conditions.

To this end, the Theatrical Federation has appointed the following committee to work in conjunction with the Labor Council: A. A. Greenbaum, J. R. Matheson and W. G. Woods.

**LABOR MASS MEETING.**

A labor mass meeting will be held in the Labor Temple Sunday evening, March 17th, at eight o'clock, to welcome to San Francisco two distinguished labor representatives from Great Britain, who will be the principal speakers at the meeting.

The representatives of the trade union movement of Great Britain, in whose honor the meeting has been arranged, are Charles Duncan and William Mosses, who are not only recognized leaders of labor in Great Britain, but who have held high positions of trust under the British government.

These gentlemen have come to America to tell organized labor what their fellow trade unionists under the British flag are doing to help win the war for democracy. They are both brilliant orators and have been in close touch with the tragedies that have been enacted in war-torn Europe during the past four years, so that a real treat is in store for the trade unionists of this city.

Messrs. Duncan and Mosses are touring this country under the direction of the American Federation of Labor, their itinerary being arranged by President Samuel Gompers. They will speak in Los Angeles on March 15th and at Sacramento on March 19th.

Trade unionists and their friends should arrange to attend the mass meeting in the Labor Temple on Sunday evening, March 17th. To miss hearing Mr. Duncan and Mr. Mosses will be cause for regret.

**SHOW YOUR COLORS.**

Are you wearing the button of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy? If not, why not?

The American labor movement is part and parcel of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, a patriotic organization, composed of wage-earners pledged to do their best to help win the war.

The San Francisco branch of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy has 10,000 buttons—the official emblem of the Alliance—the price of which is ten cents each.

It is the duty of every loyal trade unionists to become a member of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, sign the pledge of the organization and wear the colors of the Alliance.

If you have not already done so, get in touch with the officers of the local branch of the Alliance. Get your union to join as an organization. Show your colors. Help win the war for democracy.

The officers of the San Francisco branch of the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy are: President, James W. Mullen; secretary, Theodore Johnson; treasurer, J. J. McTiernan. You can reach any of these gentlemen at the Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp streets.

**LABOR SUPPLY EQUALS DEMAND.**

"The accounts of labor shortage in industrial centers are greatly exaggerated, and employers are frequently calling for several times the number of men actually required, or, at least, before they are ready to use them," says Director Densmore, head of the United States Employment Service, in an official communication received in San Francisco this week.

According to this communication, only two of the twelve great industrial centers of this country, reporting to the Bureau of Labor Statistics last week, reported any shortage of labor, and the shortage noted was confined to a few highly skilled trades. The ten other cities reported sufficient labor for all purposes.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you.

**NEW MISSION THEATRE**

MISSION STREET, BET. 21st and 22nd

Sunday, Monday and Tuesday

**Geraldine Farrar**

In a Story of Weird Fascination Based on the Taint of Superstition

**"The Devil Stone"**

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Safest and Most Satisfactory Place to Trade

**CAN'T BUST 'EM**  
OVERALLS & PANTS

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**ARGONAUT SHIRTS****Demand the Union Label**On Your Printing, Bookbinding  
and Photo EngravingsIf a firm cannot place the Label of the  
Allied Printing Trades Council on your  
printing, it is not a Union Concern.



## WASHINGTON NEWS.

Hearings on the Keating bill are expected to begin Monday or Tuesday next, but no definite date is fixed. Exact date will be given as soon as possible. The report from the postoffice committee of a bill carrying increases of 15 per cent up to and including \$1,200, and 10 per cent up to and including \$1,800 for employees in the postal service, including departmental clerks, and carrying the provisions of the Madden, Griffin, Van Dyke and Steenerson bills as to clerks and carriers, to be effective immediately, but only for a period of ninety days after the war, and the rule providing for early consideration of same—referred to below—may interfere with hearings on Keating bill. If these percentages are accepted by the House for postal employees, they will most likely apply to all.

The opposition to the Borland minimum eight-hour day amendment to the agricultural appropriation bill has been gathering momentum during the past week. On February 21st a great mass meeting was held by the Washington Federal Employees' Union in Typographical Temple, at which Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor; Miss Jeanette Rankin, representative in Congress from Montana; H. M. McLarin, president of the National Federation of Federal Employees, were the principal speakers. The crowd in the main hall was so large that an overflow meeting was held in one of the smaller halls. Mr. Borland stated on February 15th that it was his intention to make the minimum eight-hour day applicable throughout the country and not in Washington alone.

Senator Hiram Johnson of California introduced the Nolan bill in the Senate February 19th.

The rules committee has just agreed to report a rule for the early consideration of the bill providing increases in pay for employees of the postal service.

A retirement bill covering all employees in the classified civil service is being drafted by Representative Harry E. Hull of Iowa. It is non-contributory and provides for the payment of 50 per cent of the salary at time of retirement of employees who have been in the federal service thirty years or more and 1 per cent additional for each additional year in the service. A conference on this proposed legislation was held by Mr. Hull and representatives of the various organizations of federal employees February 16th.

The National Federation of Federal Employees has received from Roy E. Peabody, national organizer, information that during the past week he had held two meetings at Jeffersonville, Ind. Some opposition was encountered from army officers, but was later withdrawn and employees permitted to join the union. A strong organization will result in Jeffersonville among the several thousand employees. Local unions were chartered this week at Tucson, Ariz., and Trenton, N. J.

## SEEK SALARY INCREASE.

It is reported that the clerks employed in the offices in the various departments of the San Francisco government are about to seek a raise in their salaries in order to meet the greatly increased cost of living.

While comparatively few of these clerks are members of the Office Employees' Union, to which they are eligible, they realize that organization is valuable in securing wages and conditions, and, indirectly, have sought the assistance of organized labor in getting data to prove that they are entitled to more money.

The Office Employees' Union will gladly welcome the clerks in the employ of the city to membership in the union.

Patronize "Labor Clarion" advertisers.

## HOUSING OF SHIPYARD EMPLOYEES.

Foreseeing that the problem of supplying adequate power and proper housing of shipyard employees would soon present itself in California, the State Immigration and Housing Commission some months ago commenced surveys of conditions in shipbuilding centers. The commission will, therefore, soon be in a position to place the exact facts before the United States Shipping Board, together with suggestions and recommendations for meeting any problems that may exist.

The federal government, appreciating the fact that employees must be properly housed in order to rush ship building, and having learned from experience that adequate and convenient housing is a prerequisite to contented, loyal and stabilized labor, has appropriated \$50,000,000 to provide houses.

The State Housing Commission is advised that the bill appropriating this money authorizes the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation to purchase, lease, or to acquire by condemnation any land or houses and land suitable for shipyards employees. The board may also construct houses upon such conditions and at such prices as it may determine, and it may sell, lease or exchange such houses and land. Moreover, the board may make loans to persons, firms or corporations to provide houses for employees of shipyards. The condemnation power allows the Shipping Board to determine the amount of just compensation due the owners. However, if the amount so determined is unsatisfactory to the owner, the board is to pay 75 per cent of the amount determined and the owner is then entitled to sue the government to recover such further sum as the court may determine is due him as just compensation.

## PATIENT PERSISTENCE WINS.

After six long years of patient, persistent work on the part of the Chauffeurs' Union, the undertaking firm of Julius S. Godeau has been thoroughly unionized, according to the report of Business Agent S. T. Dixon.

That all the credit belongs to Michael Casey, vice-president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, and John A. O'Connell, secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council, is the statement of Dixon, who modestly refrains from claiming any credit for unionizing this firm.

However, it is well known to trade unionists that Dixon has been right on the job for the past six years and has never missed an opportunity to let Godeau know that the Chauffeurs' Union was in existence.

## THREATEN DRASTIC ACTION.

Steam Laundry Workers' Union has advised certain employers in San Francisco that unless they cease violating the terms of the agreement covering Branch 1, the organization will take drastic action.

At the last meeting of the union thirty-five candidates were initiated and the union authorized the secretary to see that floral pieces were sent to funerals of ex-members of the organization as well as to members in good standing.

## ELIMINATING NIGHT WORK.

Bakers' Union No. 24 reports that several master bakers have already started a movement to eliminate night work, as provided for in the proposed working agreement and wage scale of the union, to become effective May 1, 1918.

Theodore Lindquist, secretary of the union, says that a number of the baking firms have already started to work their night shifts two and one-half hours earlier so that by May 1st all night work will be eliminated. By this method, it is claimed, some of the firms will make a saving in their light bills of \$250 per month.

## SPRING STYLES

now ready for your inspection---A large stock of Woolens to select from at popular prices.

All Garments are

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**Kelleher & Browne**  
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## CARHARTT OVERALLS

FIRST IN THE HEARTS OF TRUE UNION MEN

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**TREATMENT ACCORDED VISITOR.**

Patrick Mulvaney, a member of the Building Laborers' Union of Portland, came to Los Angeles about ten days ago on a sight-seeing trip. Running short of change, he went to a bank to cash a certified check in the sum of \$150. While in the act of handing out the money, the cashier asked:

"By the way, Mr. Mulvaney, what line of business are you in?"

"I am a hodcarrier, sir," replied the visitor from Portland.

"What, a hodcarrier, and having a check for \$150?" asked the cashier.

"Sure," said Mulvaney, "and here is a hundred-dollar Liberty Bond, to show you I am all right."

The cashier simply couldn't believe a hodcarrier could have that much money honestly, hence he refused to cash the check.

"Besides, I can show you my union card to show that I am telling the truth," said Mulvaney, but the cashier replied:

"Go to your union for help."

"Help?" repeated the visitor; "I am a union man and have asked for no help."

Placing his check in his purse, he left the bank.

When Secretary J. B. Bowen of the Building Trades Council heard of this instance he said:

"It's a wonder the bank cashier didn't try to sell Mulvaney a sand lot."—Los Angeles "Citizen."

Demand the union label. If you are the right sort of a union man one suggestion of this sort is all that is necessary.

**BUTCHERS TO PICNIC.**

The annual picnic and family outing of the Journeymen Butchers' Protective and Benevolent Association will be held at Shellmound Park next Sunday. An interesting program of entertainment has been arranged by the committee in charge and a good time is promised those who attend.

**BAKERS' AGREEMENT INDORSED.**

The proposed wage scale and working agreement of Bakers' Union No. 24 has been indorsed by the San Francisco Labor Council.

The principal feature of the new agreement is the provision for the elimination of night work in bake shops. An increase of fifty cents per day for bench workers is called for.

**RAISE PAY OF OFFICERS.**

The salaries of officers of the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union have been increased to meet the increase in wages recently granted milk wagon drivers working at the business, the union recognizing the fact that the officers were largely responsible for securing for the drivers a material increase in wages.

**BEER BOTTLERS AID SOLDIERS.**

The local Beer Bottlers' Union has purchased twenty-five dollars' worth of tickets for the military ball and pageant to be given at the Exposition Auditorium under the auspices of the County Council of Defense for San Francisco for the benefit of the athletic fund of the San Francisco boys at Camp Lewis, the affair to be held on Saturday evening, April 20th.

**CAN'T RUN THEIR BUSINESS.**

What has become of the slogan "the right to run my business?" For years this has been the stock argument of anti-unionists, who now see their pet phrase shot full of holes by Uncle Sam.

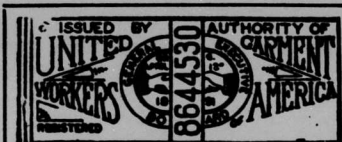
The latest to realize the passing of "the good old days" are two ketchup companies in Greenville, Ohio, who have been ordered by the food administrator to shut up shop and stop doing business for the rest of the year, as a penalty for violating orders.

**DEATHS.**

These members of San Francisco unions have died during the past week: Joseph Silver of the bartenders, Herbert Heathcote and Samuel Less of the printers, William Cole and Thomas J. Donovan of the carpenters, Victor F. Hachette of the theatrical stage employees.



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Neckwear  
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**NEW MISSION THEATRE.**

Mark Twain's immortal boy hero, "Tom Sawyer," will live again on the screen at the New Mission Theatre today (Saturday), with Jack Pickford in the name part. Tom's adventures, which have tickled the imaginations of thousands of readers, are vividly enacted in this picture.

Superstitious beliefs of ancient folk lore are woven into the story of "The Devil Stone," in



which Geraldine Farrar will be seen at the New Mission Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. The legendary Queen Grunelda, whom the simple Norse folk declared to have been cursed for the theft of a rare emerald of great value, is shown in her pagan splendor, to supply the historic background for the modern story.

"His Hidden Purpose," one of Mack Sennett's best Paramount comedies, will also be shown on this bill with the Hearst-Pathe News and other films. Marie Provost, in startling bathing scenes, Chester Conklin and Gene Rogers are the principals of the farce.

Lina Cavalieri, known as the world's most beautiful woman, will be the screen attraction at the New Mission Theatre Wednesday and Thursday, March 13th and 14th, in "The Eternal Temptress."

The union label permits all union men and sympathizers to be helpful in the work of moral and social improvement of our people without being offensive even to those of their friends whose lack of knowledge inclines them to opposing the ideals of trade unionism.

**CHILD LABOR.**

January 27th was Child Labor Day. Its observance had the approval of the President of the United States, the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy. All three of these men, upon whom the immediate responsibility for winning the war falls, have taken a firm stand that it is in the interest of the Nation and of the children that the child labor laws be strictly followed at this time. Just at present the higher wages offered children and the increasing cost of every kind of food and clothing is putting up to fathers and mothers the question of whether they shall keep Mary and Johnnie in school now that they are past 14 and may under the law work in a factory. Why should parents keep them in school? The reasons which the states and the United States have, for saying that young children should not work are:

(1) It is physically bad for them. Doctors report that there is a decided increase in sickness among children who begin work at fourteen.

(2) Boys and girls who go to work when they are very young are more apt to get into trouble than are those who remain in school.

(3) It does not pay in dollars and cents. The trades do not as a rule employ children under sixteen. Boys and girls who begin at fourteen must go into unskilled work. At this kind of work they earn about the same at the end of ten years as they did at the end of three years. At the end of twenty years they are usually earning less.

What every father and every mother who came from Europe to America wants is a better chance for their boys and girls than they enjoyed in their own youth. That is one of the reasons why they came. It is one of the reasons why the percentage of children who are unable to read and write is smaller among the children of foreign-born parents than among the children whose parents were born in this country. Because many of these foreign-born parents were themselves not given the opportunity to go to school which they desired, they are and should be all the more anxious to have their children get an education. This means sacrifice on the part of the parents. After the children reach fourteen, the sacrifices become greater, for clothes and shoes and food cost more, but there can be no question but what the sacrifices pay.

Now, when the country has been called upon to sacrifice its young men, it is increasingly important that children shall be kept in school.

**Fleischmann's Yeast**

ALWAYS DEPENDABLE  
For Sale at All Grocers

**JOINT ACCOUNTS**

This Bank will open accounts in the name of two individuals, for instance, man and wife, either of whom may deposit money for, or draw against the account.

**HUMBOLDT SAVINGS BANK**

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**DON'T PATRONIZE**

THE PRODUCTS OF THE  
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

THEY ARE UNFAIR TO ORGANIZED  
LABOR

BUT—Be sure to purchase the products of the following firms who are employing men and women affiliated with the Organized Trade Union Movement:

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DECEMBER 31, 1917.

Assets . . . . . \$63,314,948.04  
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Reserve and Contingent Funds. 2,235,750.50  
Employees' Pension Fund . . . . . 272,914.25  
Number of Depositors . . . . . 63,907



# Labor Clarion

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JAMES W. MULLEN.....Editor  
Telephone Market 56  
Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixteenth St.

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1918.

Give me a lever long enough  
And a prop strong enough,  
I can single-handed move the world.  
—Archimedes.

A new registration is required this year and trade unionists who desire to vote at the fall election should register now before the rush starts. To register now requires but a few minutes, whereas later on waiting will be necessary.

The Kaiser has a withered arm, and it is to be hoped that he will soon have a withered army. If Hindenburg attempts to reach Paris on schedule time—April 1st—the withering process will be given a good start by the Allies on the western front.

The federal fuel administration is now closing down or limiting window glass manufacturers in their output to the estimated amount of glass required this year. It is said in this way five hundred thousand tons of coal can be saved. No manufacturer will be allowed to create a surplus for the future.

The Chicago packers are now busy flooding the country with propaganda criticising Heney and the United States Trade Commission for investigating their business and revealing the facts to the general public. They want to know why the commission does not let them alone and go after some other concern. How the grafters squeal when driven into a corner!

The mine workers of Colorado surely have been having a tough time of it during the past several years. They are now torn with internal strife, John R. Lawson leading a movement to start an independent union in opposition to the United Mine Workers of America. He seems to have provocation for his move, but we seriously doubt the wisdom of it. Separation does not strengthen.

Frederick J. Koster says that the Law and Order Committee of the Chamber of Commerce "may have made some mistakes." There is no question about it, the committee made many mistakes. Its very first act was a mistake, and it continued to pile one mistake upon another through its entire career. Even the president of the Restaurant Owners' Association said after the fight on the culinary workers had closed that he was not at all proud of the work that had been done because justice had been denied the workers. Some of the "mistakes" of the committee were of a most deliberate character.

## Vocational Training Schools

Just before the United States got into the war President Wilson signed a bill which established a national system of vocational education. Organized labor and far-sighted educators had for years been urging the passage of such legislation by Congress, but without much success until last year.

The Smith-Hughes, or Vocational Educational, act opens a door of opportunity to the American workman. It extends and enlarges the existing inadequate public school system so as to give every boy and girl over fourteen years of age a chance to learn his or her trade or vocation. When the system of part-time and evening schools, which the act promises, shall have been developed, every youngster who really wants to learn a trade will have a place to go. The Vocational Education act likewise opens up new opportunities to the skilled workman. The State Boards for Vocational Education, created to co-operate with the Federal Board, are calling for teachers for new industrial classes in schools, and the ranks of the skilled industrial workers must supply the large majority of these teachers. To the workman who desires to keep abreast of new inventions and methods of shopwork, the vocational schools established by the Vocational Educational act will be of the greatest value. They will be open at convenient hours and there will be no charge for the instruction, which is under public administration and control.

Announcement has been made of one appointment of three of the directors of training classes for teachers organized by the University of California and the State Board of Education in the persons of Charles Jacobs, previously director of Industrial Education and Vocational Guidance, San Francisco; W. G. Hummell, Associate Professor of Agricultural Education in the University of California, and Samuel H. Dadisman, Assistant Professor of Agricultural Education in the University of California. Mr. Jacobs will have charge of the University evening training classes for Vocational Teachers of Trade and Industrial subjects; Mr. Hummell will be General Director of the Training Classes for Vocational Teachers of Agricultural subjects; and Mr. Dadisman will have charge of the training classes in agricultural subjects to be maintained at the University Farm, Davis.

These appointments follow close upon the mutual agreement between the University and the State Board of Education, whereby vocational teachers of agricultural, trade and industrial subjects will receive special training for their work under the combined direction of the University and the State Board.

The work of training these teachers has been divided into two divisions. The first will provide for the organization and maintenance of classes for the training of teachers, supervisors and directors of agricultural subjects. The second will provide for the similar organization and maintenance of classes for the training of teachers of trade and industrial subjects.

For the year 1917-18 the total Federal appropriations for the payment of teachers and for the training of teachers of all kinds is \$1,860,000. Out of this, \$546,000 will be used for the training of teachers in agriculture, trades, industries and home economics, and \$566,000 for the salaries of teachers in trade, industry and home economics. Since all the states have accepted the provisions of the act, twice these sums are available. The appropriations increase yearly until the total for all purposes of \$7,367,000 is reached in 1935. This sum continues at this rate annually thereafter. In 1926 and thereafter, the portion of the total appropriation for the salaries of teachers in agriculture is \$3,027,000; for the salaries of teachers in trade, industry, and home economics, \$3,050,000; and for the training of teachers in all subjects, \$1,090,000. The appropriation for the Federal Board for Vocational Education remains \$200,000.

To provide agencies representing the States, the act requires that the State Boards of not less than three members shall be created by the State legislatures. Each State Board is to work in co-operation with the Federal Board in carrying out the provisions of the act as regards the given State.

A number of local school departments throughout California have prepared to take advantage of this law. The city of Oakland will receive this year from the Federal fund about \$12,000. San Francisco will receive nothing, because our Board of Education has not up to the present time made any effort to comply with the requirements of the law.



## FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS

As had been anticipated, the Supreme Court affirmed the decision of the Superior Court in the Thomas Mooney case. The matter is now up to the Governor, who says he will not discuss the case or take any action whatever until the courts are entirely through with it, which will be about twenty days. A new trial is necessary to satisfy public opinion and the only way such a trial can be brought about is through the exercise of clemency on the part of the Governor now that the Supreme Court has approved the judgment of the lower court.

A fraction over \$4 a day for a working man with a wife and three children is a princely wage, in the opinion of Nelson Morris, the 26-year-old chairman of the board of directors of Morris & Company, meat packers, testifying before Federal Judge Alschuler, arbitrator in the wage dispute between packing house workers and their employers. The witness said his company employed 13,000 men in this city at an average wage of \$800 a year. In 1916 the company made a clear profit of \$3,800,000 and last year these figures were jumped to \$5,400,000.

George J. Baldwin, in testifying before the Senate Commerce Committee, said: "You can't keep a corporation alive on patriotism. Our stockholders must have their dividends." His concern last year collected in excess of six million in dividends from the Government, but when the employees asked for an increase in pay they had to strike to get it. Apparently this capitalist believes that even if corporations can not be kept alive on patriotism the wage earner can. This is a very common belief among large employers. At any rate many of them attempt to carry out the theory, even if they do not believe in it.

Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo announces that neither soldiers, sailors, or their dependents or any beneficiaries under the soldiers' and sailors' insurance law need employ attorneys or claim agents to collect the insurance; that the employment of such intermediaries is a needless expense. The plan of collecting insurance claims is very simple and the proper blanks can be secured from the bureau of war risk insurance in Washington. The name of the person in the service who was killed or injured and the relationship which he bore to the person making the claim should be given. If further information or assistance is required by the claimant the bureau of war risk insurance will gladly furnish it.

The credit of the United States was so high and unquestionable that in 1900, two years after the Spanish War, 2 per cent bonds were offered at par and oversubscribed. This is a financial performance no other nation has ever equaled. United States 4 per cent bonds in 1888 sold as high as 130 and in 1901 brought 139 $\frac{7}{8}$  on the stock market. The United States has never defaulted on any of its bonds. Not one of its bondholders has ever lost a cent of principal or interest except those who voluntarily have taken losses by selling their bonds in a period of temporary price depression. One hundred cents on the dollar, principal and interest, has the United States always paid. Back of the two-hundred-fifty billion to three hundred billion of our national resources stands the rugged honesty of America. Liberty Loan Bonds are the safest security in the world.

## WIT AT RANDOM

"Sometimes," said the patient woman, "I think my husband is getting to be a Socialist."

"What are the symptoms?"

"He wants to do all the talking and none of the work."—"Washington Star."

The clergyman was engaged in that unprofitable occupation of giving advice to the woman who had just painted her own husband in very dark colors.

"Suppose you were to try to heap coals of fire upon his head?" he suggested.

"Twouldn't do no good," she returned. "I've thrown a lighted lamp at him several times but he was just as bad next day."

The Judge—"Have you ever tried to find work?"

Everett Wrest—"Sure! I've filed me application fer de position of sportin' editor of de Congressional Record."—Boston "Transcript."

The following was posted on the door of Ludlow Church some time ago: This is to give notice that no person is to be buried in the churchyard but those living in the parish. Those who wish to be buried are desired to apply to me, E. Grub, parish clerk."

Ma. Grump says: "Education? I dunno. There's about the same number of old men that believe in hair tonics and the same number of young men that believe in women's promises as ever."—Akron (Ohio) "Times."

A father, fearing an earthquake in the region of his home, sent his two boys to a distant friend until the peril should be over. A few weeks later the father received this letter from his friend:

"Please take your boys home and send down the earthquake."

Louise, nine years old, asked her mother:

"Where is papa going?"

"To a stag party," she replied.

"What is a stag party, mamma?"

Sister Mabel, seven years old, who had been listening, with a dignified attitude of superior wisdom, answered instantly: "It's where they stagger. Don't you know?"—Pittsburg "Sun."

An elderly lady of very prim and severe aspect was seated next a young couple, who were discussing the merits of their motor cars.

"What color is your body?" asked the young man of the girl at his side, meaning, of course, the body of her motor.

"Oh, mine is pink. What is yours?"

"Mine," replied the man, "is brown with wide yellow stripes."

This was too much for the old lady. Rising from the table she exclaimed:

"When young people come to asking each other the color of their bodies at a dinner party, it is time I left the room."—"Tit-Bits."

Mrs. Emma T. Martin, of Atlanta, Georgia, is responsible for the following story of an applicant for citizenship. When he filed his first papers he was asked:

"Do you believe in polygamy?"

"Yes, sir." (Consternation.)

"Do you know what it means?"

"Yes, sir. More than one wife."

"Have you more than one wife?"

"Yes, sir. Two."

"Where are they?"

"Why, sir, I live with one and the other is—dead."—"Woman Citizen."

## MISCELLANEOUS

### "MARCH ON, BRAVE BOYS."

By Joseph T. Liddy.

March on, brave boys, and stop the noise of blustering Kaiser Bill,  
The despicable Huns, are hurling bombs, our defenseless ones to kill;  
From trenches and air, they're trying to scare our Allies, so brave and true,  
But the day will soon come when they'll go on the bum for jeering our Red, White and Blue.

Chorus—

As we march along, we'll sing the song of glorious victory;

As we march along, both brave and strong, we'll fight for liberty;

For under General Pershing, our battles we'll surely win,

And woe betide the Kaiser, when we reach him in Berlin.

We'll ask him why he did deny to honor the "scraps of paper,"

And why he dared with murderous sword to become poor Belgium's raper.

We'll ask him, too, why his U-shark's crew, our women and babes did slay,

And before leaving for Hades, he'll rue his raids and his taunts to the U. S. A.

His U-sharks are sinking our ships without thinking of how they'll have to reckon

Before God and man, their murderous plan, deserves humanity's checking.

Their gas bombs so dire, and electric barbed wire, inspired by Satanic mind,

And liquid fire streams, ere many moon's beams, will turn on their own kind.

Chorus—

Our boys in blue, with hearts so true, will guard the watery main,

And U-sharks murder, won't go much further, to cause great grief and pain.

Our soldiers glad in khaki clad will conquer each enemy's trench—

Then shout hooray! for the U. S. A., the Briton, the Latin and French.

Chorus—

So! March on, brave boys, and win back joys; to fill the world with glee;

Make democracy's banner fly in a manner, insuring wide-world liberty.

No peace we'll sign, or ever align, 'till the Hun's murderous display

Is wiped out forever, and never will sever the Allies from U. S. A.

(Copyright, 1918.)

### IT'S UP TO YOU!

What are we all doing regarding the Union Label? Each one should take enough interest to demand it every time he makes a purchase. A few members of organized labor cannot bring about the better state of affairs we all so much desire. It takes the hearty co-operation of everyone of our members. There is one thing sure—if we buy non-union goods we are not helping the labor movement, we are injuring it, for we are supplying the unfair manufacturer with the means of defeating the labor organization, and until a long and loud demand is made for the label it will not come into general use.

We can have every manufacturer and merchant in the State sitting up and taking notice if we will only do our part and demand the Union Label. Eagleson & Co., 1118 Market street, are able to supply union made shirts and men's wear that are not only splendid value, but also bear the Union Label.





# Musicians' Union Local No. 6

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE FOR THE UNION

Clarence H. King and Albert A. Greenbaum.

Musicians' Union—68 Haight Street.

W. A. Weber ..... President  
J. J. Matheson ..... Business Representative  
A. A. Greenbaum ..... Recording Secretary  
Clarence H. King ..... Financial Secretary-Treasurer  
Office Hours 12 to 3 p. m. Telephone Park 84.  
A. S. Less ..... Sergeant-at-Arms  
General Assembly Hall. Telephone Park 85.  
Park 128. 11 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Oakland Branch.

Jim Cray ..... Secretary  
J. J. Atkins ..... Business Representative  
Office Hours 12 to 2 p. m. Phone Oakland 2547.

## Synopsis of the Minutes of the Board Meeting Held March 5, 1918.

Vice-President Morey presiding.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

New members: L. L. Auletti, piano; Robert Ginsburg, piano; Edwin Kimball, drums.

Transfers deposited: Ralph Elliott, No. 333, Eureka, trombone; Edgar Bayliss, No. 189, Stockton, organ and piano.

Reinstated: R. D. McCreery.

Transfers withdrawn: Gregor Cherniavsky, Max Pellach, Russell G. Ellis.

## Our Members Improving.

The membership will be pleased to learn that members Less and Spiller are doing nicely and while it will be some little time before they will be able to be about, every day brings improvement in their condition. They are still in St. Francis Hospital, corner of Bush and Leavenworth streets, where the members may visit them at any time. They are always glad to see the boys, as the days become very long when one is bedridden.

Members will note that the next monthly meeting of the union will be held on Thursday, March 14th, at 1 P. M. A resolution affecting the Oakland branch will be up for final disposition. There will be other matters of vital interest to the membership brought up and it is hoped there will be a large attendance at this meeting.

## The Next Draft.

This office has been advised by U. S. military authorities that there will be another draft the end of this or the beginning of next month. Members who are within the draft age may, if they so desire, at this time enlist in the regular army bands and will be in a far better position than if they wait for the draft. The 63rd Infantry Band, stationed at the Presidio, can use a number of men on different instruments. Members who are interested should see John Walters, bandmaster of this regiment. Mr. Walters can be seen at any time at the 63rd Infantry headquarters, Brick Barracks, Presidio.

## From the Seat of War.

Theo. Marc, well-known 'cello and banjo player, has recently received word of the death of a brother in Monastir, Greece, last September. Mr. Marc's brother was a photograph observer and had been assigned by the French army for service with the Serbian forces. He was in an airplane with two other men, which was attacked by a Bulgarian machine. Their machine fell in a burst of flames and the charred remains of the three occupants were found in the wreck. The sympathy of the membership goes out to Mr. Marc in his hour of bereavement.

## "Off For the Land of Poi."

Robin McQuestin, violinist, one of the baby members of this organization, left on last Tuesday's steamer for Honolulu where he will go to work at the Moana Hotel as leader of the orchestra.

## Forbidden.

It is strictly forbidden for any member of this local to accept from a non-member any engagement of any nature whatsoever, as the following extract from the Constitution and By-Laws will attest. This is to be found on page 23 under Article IV, and is Section 10, reading thus: "No member shall accept or play any engagement whatsoever which has been contracted for or is being filled by a non-member of this union."

It has come to the attention of the board of directors that non-members are contracting for and filling engagements for union music. They solicit and accept these engagements and when it is necessary that union men fill these engagements, these non-members turn the engagement over to some union man that they know. They are in the position of being able to contract for all kinds of work, both union and non-union and are not subject to any of the laws, rules, regulations or penalties of this organization.

HEREAFTER ANY MEMBER OF THIS UNION WHO ACCEPTS ANY ENGAGEMENT FROM NON-MEMBERS, WILL DO SO AT THE RISK OF BEING SEVERELY DISCIPLINED BY THE BOARD.

## New Grist From the Melody Mill.

Al J. Markgraf, pianist and composer, wants the members to know that he has broken loose again and the result this time is a new number called "In the Sweet Summer Time Long Ago." Mr. Markgraf expects great things from this number, in fact he believes that it will outstrip in popularity any of its predecessors from his pen. These numbers were "Sweet Jessie Brown," "Smiling Moon," "Ragtime Jingles," rag and others. Mr. Markgraf has another new one which he feels is of particular interest to the saxophonist and its title is "Marcelle." Members desiring to secure these numbers should call at Mr. Margraf's residence, 2476 Post street, or if phoned to at West 7716 copies will be mailed.

## More Geoffrion Articles.

Readers of Oscar Geoffrion's "Jazz Music" contribution will undoubtedly be glad to know that more of Oscar's articles "hot from the griddle" will soon appear in these columns. Oscar assures us that he can dash off any number of articles on any subject desired and the boys must appreciate the fact that he is a handy man to have around. Last week's article has attracted a great deal of comment, favorable and otherwise and already the brickbats and bouquets

## THE MUSICIANS' UNION LOCAL 6 ROLL OF HONOR AND SERVICE FLAG OF 67 MEMBERS

A. ANDERSON, JR.	ALFRED MOSCONI
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F. P. ANTHER	JOE F. MARONEY
C. E. ARRIOLA	J. P. MCCARTHY
EARL BARKER	M. L. MERKI
W. A. BECKER	E. MUSSO
D. H. BROOKS	RALPH MURRAY
PERCY A. BROWN	ED. NEWMARK
ALEX. BURNS	GEORGE A. NELSON
G. C. COLONEUS	E. A. OLMSTEAD
F. L. COOPER	VIGO OLSEN
CHARLES D. DOWSKI	H. C. PAYSON
GEORGE ECKHARDT, JR.	L. PERKINS
L. L. EDGAR	J. PERLUSS
RALPH ELIASER	W. PERSON
VERNON FERRY	C. RATTI
MAX FIRESTONE	H. V. RENO
FRANK FRAGALE	A. F. REISE
GEORGE L. FREDERICK	E. RUSSELL
A. J. GIACOMINI	S. SAVANT
E. GULDE	VINCENT SCHIPILLITTI
R. HEROLD	JOHN SCHIPILLITTI
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J. LEVINGSTONE	H. A. WILLIAMS
A. MANCINI	GEORGE B. WILD
ELMER MILBRATH	S. T. WOOLEY

are beginning to fly and we look for some interesting answers to the article. I wonder if Oscar has heard of Lieut. Sousa's definition of "Jazz": "Motion without progress."

Dues and assessments, first quarter, to March 31, 1918, to the amount of \$2.25, are now due and payable to Clarence H. King, financial secretary-treasurer. (New cards are ready).

## Notes.

Clarence Johansen writes from San Pedro Navy Base that everything is fine and dandy. He is a member of the band.

Nathan Firestone, our splendid San Francisco violinist, has returned home following his discharge from the national army. Firestone will at once resume his local activities as a member of the San Francisco Symphony Orchestra and the Chamber Music Society.

We are pleased to announce that the Alameda Theatre is featuring its orchestra of eight mu-

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sicians; also the Berkeley Theatre has engaged an orchestra.

A few figures by Joe Walker, champion of the string bass section. Joe says we have 67 bass players; 34 are working steady, 8 out of town, 2 can't be found, 1 in the hospital, 8 subs required week of March 3rd, balance unknown.

Members please take note of the following changes of address:

Crawford, Wm., 1221 Brunswick, Crocker Tract; Tel. Randolph 1236.

Dziurzynski, Jos., 1278 Stanyan st. Tel. Park 3147.

Eckhardt, George, Sr., 3535 Pine st., St. Louis, Mo.

Kohlmoos, Herman, 3573 20th st. Tel. Valencia 5938.

Lindsay, J. Benton, 26 Steiner street. Tel. Market 6091.

McCreery, R. D., 1107 Fort street, Honolulu.

McKay, Ben, Billy Lloyd's Cafe, Sacramento, California.

McQuestin, Robin, Moana Hotel, Honolulu.

Morris, Albert, Waldorf Apts., 516 Ellis street. Tel. Franklin 4010.

Much, G., Continental Hotel.

Schultz, Herbert, 523 9th ave. Tel. Pacific 3744.

Siering, Henry, 880 Bush street, Apt. 1. Tel. Prospect 4688.

Pritchard, O. C., Hotel Dunloe, 141 Eddy street.

Lynch, F. D., 3925 California street. Tel. Pacific 8912.

#### New Members.

Edwin Kimball, 125 Noe street.

L. L. Auletti, 435 41st street, Oakland, Cal.

Robert Ginsburg, 347 Glendale ave., Oakland. Tel. Piedmont 5365W.

Edgar Bayliss, 1922 Pierce street. Tel. Fillmore 3449.

Ralph Elliott, Dolores Apts., 2306 Market street.

Chas. F. Harris, Windsor Hotel.

#### DEMOCRACY.

"Few people take the trouble to find out what democracy really is. Yet this would be a great help," wrote Lowell, "for it is our lawless and uncertain thoughts, it is the indefiniteness of our impressions, that fill darkness, whether mental or physical, with specters and hobgoblins. Democracy is nothing more than an experiment in government, more likely to succeed in a new soil, but likely to be tried in all soils, which must stand or fall on its merits, as others have done before it. For there is no trick of perpetual motion in politics any more than in mechanics. President Lincoln defined democracy to be 'the government of the people by the people for the people.' This is a sufficiently compact statement of it as a political arrangement. Theodore Parker said that democracy meant, not 'I'm as good as you are,' but 'You're as good as I am.' And that is the ethical conception of it, necessary as a complement of the other, a conception which, could it be made actual and practical, would easily solve all the riddles that the old sphinx of political and social economy who sits by the roadside has been propounding to mankind from the beginning, and which mankind have shown such a singular talent for answering wrongly." \* \* \*

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#### "JUDGE NOT, THAT YE BE NOT JUDGED"

By the Rev. Charles Stelzle.

When the average man—on the other side—thinks of organized labor, his mind reverts to acts of lawlessness committed by members of trades unions. When he thinks of corporations, he recalls the acts of shame done in the name of "big" business. When he thinks of the church he flings at you the weak or insincere actions of a handful of men in history or men in present-day life. And it's always a cheap way of praising one's own virtues, or the virtues of one's class.

If the whole truth were known, it would stand out in condemnation of the self-righteous critics of their fellow-men. Trades union and corporation and church have each been guilty of serious offenses, but each may be proud of prodigious endeavor to make for the right and the true.

Just now organized labor is in the crucible. It has been there before, but it has never failed to come out cleaner and purer. That's what a crucible is for. The hotter the fire the purer the gold. The discussion of the alleged evils in the trades union is sure to result in a discussion of the good, and the pointing out of the weakness will unquestionably develop its points of strength. For the men of labor are no fools. They naturally resent the implication of weakness—for aren't they human?—but they themselves are not so blind but what they see where in they lack.

Meanwhile—and this is a general injunction, issued by the Great Ruler—"Judge not that ye be not judged."

#### BUTCHERS MAKING PROGRESS.

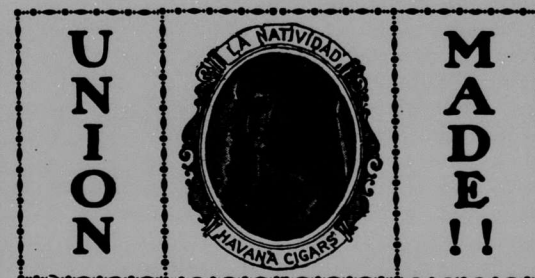
Many propositions for the general welfare of the journeymen butchers and kindred crafts are under consideration or being negotiated by the local Butchers' Union, including a new wage scale and working agreement for the sausage makers, the organizing of jobbers, and improved working conditions for journeymen butchers. Officers of the union report a willingness on the part of employers to meet the union half way.

#### MACHINISTS PLEAD FOR MOONEY.

Resolutions petitioning Governor William D. Stephens to grant an unconditional pardon to Thomas Mooney, a member of the Molders' Union, under sentence of death for alleged participation in the dynamite outrage in connection with the Preparedness Day parade, were adopted by the Machinists' Union at its last meeting.

The union label is the best expression of devotedness to good union principles. We should all cultivate the union label habit. At every local union meeting this subject should receive earnest attention. Bring the news home to your family, to your brother and sister. There is no excuse why union men should not spend their union-earned money for union-made goods. It costs the same.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow.



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2640 Mission  
26 Third

Factory, 1114 Mission

*A little extra money  
in the pocket of your  
overalls---*

---isn't a bad sort of a possession---it comes in handy---  
and it's easier to save it by being wise to where to  
buy---than it is to earn it. Anyway---you'll like to get  
in the habit of buying at our men's store. Overalls---  
jumpers---working clothes for men in all sorts of crafts  
---and prices are right---down-to-where-you-want-'em at

The New

Prager Department Store

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THE POPULAR PRICE  
JEWELRY STORE

JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS

All Watch Repairing Guaranteed for Two Years

715 MARKET STREET, Above Third Street, San Francisco



## San Francisco Labor Council

### Synopsis of Minutes of the Regular Meeting Held March 1, 1918.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m. by President Haggerty.

**Reading Minutes**—Minutes of the previous meeting approved as printed.

**Credentials**—Plasterers, Chas. Gunther; Chauffeurs, E. M. Barnstorf, vice D. S. Kiley; Electrical Workers No. 151, John Mack, John O. Clark, vice W. C. Ross and H. F. Leslie. Delegates seated.

**Communications**—Filed—From United States Senators Johnson, Phelan and Stone, Congressmen Lea, Kahn and Nolan, with reference to the Borland amendment, the Nolan minimum wage bill and the bill introduced by Representative Rankin relative to the freedom of Ireland. From the American Federation of Labor, acknowledging receipt of \$32 for proceedings. From the secretary to the Governor, acknowledging receipt of communication as regards the farm labor plan. From Musicians' Union, inclosing donation toward the celebration of Lincoln's Birthday fund. From the County Council of Defense Committee of Arrangements for a Grand Military Ball, to be held for the San Francisco Boys at Camp Lewis. From the Office Employees, stating that Brother Alexander Goldman has been called to the colors. From the American Association for Labor Legislation relative to purchasing copy of "Quarterly Review" for 1918 on "Labor and the War." From Theatrical Federation of San Francisco, stating it had appointed a committee to act with a committee of the San Francisco Labor Council on behalf of the Film Exchange Employees' Union.

Referred to Executive Committee—Wage scale and agreement of Sugar Workers' Union. Wage scale and agreement of the Tailors' Union No. 80. Wage scale and agreement of the Grocery Clerks' Union. From the Grocery Clerks' Union, requesting a boycott on the Independent Grocery, 799 Irving street.

Referred to Iron Trades Council—From the Ship Riggers' Union of Oakland, Cal., complaint against the Shipyard Laborers infringing on its jurisdiction.

Referred to "Labor Clarion"—From the Locked-out Cigarmakers of Lancaster, Pa., requesting delegates to not patronize the Cinco cigars.

Requests Complied With—From Chauffeurs' Union, requesting that the boycott on Julius Godeau be lifted, as it has settled all grievances with said firm. From the Typographical Union, requesting Council to appoint a committee of five for the purpose of initiating a movement to the end that union label tobacco products be donated for the American soldiers and sailors now serving their country. From the Butchers' Union No. 115, requesting Council to protest against the proposed ordinance to abolish the free lunch in saloons of this city. From the Baby Welfare Week Committee, announcement that it will be held at the Auditorium March 5th to the 9th.

**Resolutions**—Were submitted by Delegate Zant relative to the construction of the tracks down Market street, and urging that the same be built at once. Moved that the resolutions be adopted; carried.

"Whereas, A resolution to construct the outside railroad tracks on Market street passed the Board of Supervisors about one and half years ago, and when the United States District Court dismissed the injunction proceedings it was promised at the City Hall that cars would be running the full length of Market street by Christmas 1917, while up to the present track-work has not even been started; therefore, be it

"Resolved, By the San Francisco Labor Council that the City Government be urged to build said tracks at once and give the people in the southern and western parts of the city a chance to reach any part of Market street on their own cars without being compelled to patronize an eastern enemy corporation. Delay from whatever cause is of great value to the United Railroads and at the expense of our own street car system and to the inconvenience of our own citizens. We deem eighteen months to have been abundant time within which to make all preparations to make this construction and, therefore, object to this unseemly delay; and, be it further

"Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to the Board of Supervisors, the Mayor and the affiliated unions, requesting them to take similar action."

**Report of Unions**—Electrical Workers No. 92 requested assistance to organize the telephone operators; company laying off men for no good reason. Film Exchange Employees—Are pleased that a committee has been appointed to assist their organization. Musicians—Requested that all delegates advocate the use of human music in all places of amusement; expelled a member for being disloyal to the flag.

**Label Section**—Minutes received and ordered printed in "Labor Clarion."

**Executive Committee**—Recommended the endorsement of the wage scale of Bakers' Union No. 24, subject to the approval of its International Union. On the request of Bartenders' Union for a boycott on the saloon of B. Dunn, Third and Folsom streets, was referred to the secretary. With the consent of the Grocery Clerks their application for assistance in adjusting the dispute with Johnson Bros. was laid over for two weeks.

**Organizing Committee**—Submitted a progressive report.

**Law and Legislative Committee**—Submitted two progressive reports on its study of real estate assessments.

**Joint Committee on the High Cost of Living and Law and Legislative Committee**—The Council is solicited by the California Development Board to give an expression as to its attitude on the alleged shortage of farm labor in California and what measures it may offer to relieve the situation: Committee recommended that our State government be urged to establish branches of the state employment office in the chief agricultural centers. To induce and facilitate increased production of crops, committee recommends that the Federal Department of Agriculture provide tractors and seed for tenant farmers, and that the itineraries of tractors and the distribution of seed be left in the hands of the federal farm advisers, located in the various agricultural sections. Committee further recommended that provisions be made in all farm labor contracts that after the employee has worked a certain period he shall be entitled to return fare to nearest town or employment station free of cost. Committee approved the suggestion of State Labor Commissioner John P. McLaughlin that farm laborers be given reduction in rate of transportation to one cent per mile. Committee appointed a subcommittee, consisting of Secretary O'Connell and Brother Johnson, to communicate these several recommendations to the proper authorities and parties, to-wit: Governor Stephens, the Federal Chief of Transportation, the Secretary of Agriculture and the California Development Board. Report of committee concurred in.

**Report of "Clarion" Directors**—In the matter of complaint brought by Delegate Seaman against James W. Mullen, editor of "Labor Clarion," regarding his editorial treatment of the Bolsheviki government of Russia, and expressing a desire to have the editor instructed not to

## Orpheum

O'FARRELL STREET  
Bet. Powell and Stockton  
MATINEE EVERY DAY

Week Beginning THIS SUNDAY Afternoon

### GERTRUDE HOFFMANN

in  
GERTRUDE HOFFMANN'S REVUE  
40—PEOPLE—40

In Conjunction With

A GREAT NEW SHOW

J. C. NUGENT in his original oddity "The Squarer"; McDONALD & ROWLAND in "My Good Friend"; REGAL & BENDER in "Drop Us a Line"; LEO BEERS, Vaudeville's Distinctive Entertainer; KELLY & GALVIN, "The Actor and the Italian"; HARRY & EMMA SHARROCK, "Behind the Grand Stand."

Evening Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.  
Matinee Prices (Except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays), 10c, 25c, 50c.  
PHONE DOUGLAS 70.

## El Primo CIGARS

12½ cts., 10 cts., 5 cts.

Phone Market 5725

UNION STORE

**BROWN & KENNEDY**  
FLORAL ARTISTS

Funeral Work a Specialty—Lowest Prices

8091 Sixteenth St., Near Valencia

San Francisco



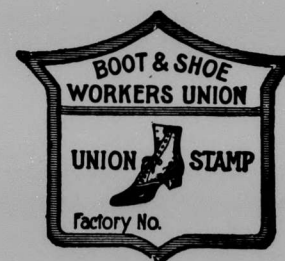
SEE that the BARTENDER who waits on you wears one of these Buttons for the Current Month.

Named shoes are frequently made in Non-union factories

### DO NOT BUY ANY SHOE

No matter what its name, unless it bears a plain and readable impression of

This UNION STAMP



All shoes without the UNION STAMP are always Non-Union.

Do not accept any excuse for Absence of the UNION STAMP.

**BOOT & SHOE WORKERS' UNION**  
246 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

John F. Tobin,  
Pres.

Chas. L. Baine,  
Sec.-Treas.



write anything that might reflect against any government with which this country is not at war, your board of directors met on February 15th, to take evidence and arguments from both sides. We find that Delegate Seaman, although requested so to do, did not produce a single article or point to a single expression in the paper against which his complaint was directed. Editor Mullen acknowledged that he had made opposing remarks concerning the Bolsheviks, not so much in their political character as in their character of representing the labor movement of Russia. The Bolsheviks, in his opinion, are the nearest thing to what we know as the I. W. W.'s in this country, and that the Bolshevik government is not recognized by any other government and that it rules Russia by force and terrorism. As American citizens and part and parcel of the American Federation of Labor, organized labor in this country can have little in common with the Bolsheviks or their aims and methods. In a matter thus left open, the editor has the undoubted right to speak his mind freely, and without coercion on the part of the few who might differ with him. Accordingly the Directors of the "Labor Clarion" find nothing in the facts of this complaint to warrant them in acting upon the request of Delegate Seaman and, therefore, said complaint is dismissed. Reports of directors of "Labor Clarion" concurred in. The board of directors also submitted its annual report, which shows that the "Labor Clarion" is one of the very few labor papers in the country that is on a paying basis and in a good financial condition, and if given the support it deserves can be made a most effective means of advancing the interests of the organized workers.

The chair introduced Brother H. L. Hughes, representing the Department of Labor, who delivered a splendid address on this government's position in the war, and outlined what labor's position should be in the prosecution of the war regarding strikes, etc.

**New Business**—Moved that the law and legislative committee be instructed to take up question of child labor and report its findings to Council; carried.

**Receipts**—Total receipts, \$753.61. **Expenses**—Total expenses, \$405.08.

Council adjourned at 10:30 p. m.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

P. S.—Members of affiliated unions are urged to demand the union label on all purchases.

N. B.—Communications from the Label Section requesting all trade unionists to insist when patronizing restaurants or saloons that the house display the union cards.

#### JANITORS INITIATE TEN.

At the last meeting of the Janitor's Union ten candidates were initiated and a large number of applications for membership were received.

An interesting feature of the meeting was the presence of a large number of women, who have taken the place of janitors in downtown buildings at about one-half the wages formerly paid the men.

These women are anxious to join the union, which they will do shortly, and will then demand the same wages the janitors are receiving.

#### WORK APPRECIATED.

The officers of the San Francisco Labor Council and other local labor men who recently visited Eureka are in receipt of letters from the Eureka Federated Trades and Labor Council thanking them for the efficient work they did in behalf of labor while in the city of Eureka.

#### PLASTERERS ELECT DELEGATE.

Plasterers' Union No. 66 has elected Charles Gunther to represent that organization as delegate to the San Francisco Labor Council.

#### FRIENDS OF GERMAN DEMOCRACY.

The following resolutions were adopted at a meeting in New York Saturday night, February 16th, of the Friends of German Democracy:

"We, citizens of the United States, assembled at the hall of the Friends of German Democracy, declare our fervent belief in the great principles for the defense and victory of which this Republic has drawn the sword, and we pledge ourselves to do all in our power to further a vigorous prosecution of the war until the just cause of our country has triumphed.

"Though most of us were born in Germany or came from German stock, we yield to none of our fellow citizens in our detestation of the German military autocracy which has wrought so much ruin and havoc in the world, which threatens to perpetuate and increase the causes of national animosities and which is now the only obstacle in the path of a just, democratic peace.

"We believe, with the chosen spokesman of our country, the President of the United States, that this is a war for democracy and against autocracy; a war for the universal triumph of the principles which are the very basis of our Republic and which have assured us liberty and well-being; a war not against a race or a people, but against a hateful system of government; a war against the autocracy which dominates the German people and desires to enslave the world.

"Therefore be it resolved by the members of the Friends of German Democracy and other citizens in mass meeting assembled at the city of New York on this 16th day of February, 1918:

"We assure the German people that it is this profound conviction which has unified us as a people and which gives unyielding strength to our resolve.

"We assure the German people that our American people, though they loathe the military autocracy of the German Empire, do not hate the German people, that racial hatreds have no place in the heart of a nation composed of all the races of the earth.

"We assure the German people that they hope in vain to attain peace before their military autocracy is destroyed, or rendered harmless.

"And we urge the German people to assert their right as freemen and rid themselves of their autocrats in order to establish a democratic Germany, the best guarantee of a just and peaceful world order.

"And be it further resolved that the foregoing statement be approved and adopted and be circulated by the Friends of German Democracy throughout the United States for signatures and that it be forwarded to and distributed among the people of Germany."

#### ROOFERS TO RE-AFFILIATE.

Felt and Composition Roofers' Union No. 25 has decided to re-affiliate with the San Francisco Labor Council and at its next meeting will elect delegates to represent the union in the Council. This union has been outside the Council for some time, but now feels that the success of the organization depends upon its being a part of the organized labor movement.

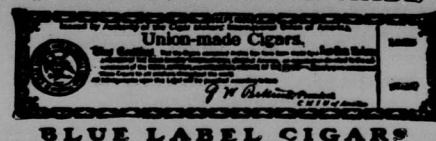
#### AN ENJOYABLE AFFAIR.

The entertainment and high jinks given by the Elevator Operators' and Starters' Union last Saturday night in Foresters' Hall was a most enjoyable affair. The union demonstrated that it surely knows how to give its guests a good time. Among the guests of honor was John A. O'Connell, secretary of the San Francisco Labor Council.

#### ELECTRICIANS NAME DELEGATES.

Electrical Workers' Union No. 151 has elected John Mack and John O. Clarke delegates to the San Francisco Labor Council, vice W. C. Ross and H. F. Leslie, withdrawn.

#### SMOKE ONLY UNION-MADE



#### PLEASE PATRONIZE ONLY RESTAURANTS

HOTEL & RESTAURANT EMPLOYEES INTERNATIONAL ALLIANCE  
Bartenders International League of America



WHICH DISPLAY THIS HOUSE CARD



#### JOURNEYMEN BARBERS Local 148

Headquarters:  
112 VALENCIA STREET  
Phone Market 492

Ask for the Union Shop Card in all barbershops in the downtown district especially north of Market Street.

Ask for this Label on Beer

INT'L UNION OF  
**UNITED BREWERY AND  
SOFT DRINK WORKERS**  
OF AMERICA

Asks you to write and speak to your

**STATE ASSEMBLYMEN AND STATE SENATORS**  
TO  
**WORK AND VOTE**  
Against the Ratification of the National Prohibition Amendment to the Constitution

Ask for this Label on Soft Drinks



**Long Nights  
Require More Service From  
Your Lamps**

**Have You a Lamp  
IN RESERVE  
to replace the old lamp  
when necessary?**

**We Sell the Best  
EDISON MAZDA**

**Pacific Gas and Electric Company**  
San Francisco District  
445 Sutter Street

**Telephone Sutter 140  
Ask for Lamp Counter**



**Allied Printing Trades Council**

Room 302, Labor Temple,  
Sixteenth and Capp Streets,  
FERDINAND BARBRACK, Secretary.  
Telephone Park 7797.

**LIST OF UNION LABEL OFFICES.**

\*Linotype Machines.  
\*\*Intertype Machines.  
†Monotype Machines.  
‡Simplex Machines.

- (126) Ashbury Heights Advance.....1672 Haight  
(7) \*Barry, Jas. H. Co.....1122-1124 Mission  
(82) Baumann Printing Co.....268 Market  
(73) \*Belcher & Phillips.....515 Howard  
(14) Ben Franklin Press.....140 Second  
(72) \*\*Bonnington, Frank J.....22 Crossley Bldg.  
(196) Borgel & Downie.....370 Second  
(69) Brower & Co., Marcus.....346 Sansome  
(3) \*Brunt, Walter N.....880 Mission  
(4) Buckley & Curtin.....739 Market  
(220) Calendar Printing Co.....112 Hyde  
(176) \*California Press.....340 Sansome  
(71) Canessa Printing Co.....708 Montgomery  
(87) Chase & Rae.....1185 Church  
(39) \*Collins, C. J.....3358 Twenty-second  
(42) Cottle Printing Co.....3262 Twenty-second  
(179) \*Donaldson Publishing Co.....568 Clay  
(18) Eagle Printing Company.....59 McAllister  
(46) Eastman & Co.....220 Kearny  
(54) Elite Printing Co.....3459 Eighteenth  
(62) Eureka Press, Inc.....440 Sansome  
(146) Excelsior Press.....238 Eighth  
(101) Francis-Valentine Co.....777 Mission  
(203) \*Franklin Linotype Co.....509 Sansome  
(75) Gille Co.....818 Mission  
(17) Golden State Printing Co.....42 Second  
(190) Griffith, E. B.....545 Valencia  
(5) Guedet Printing Co.....344 Kearny  
(27) Hall-Kohnke Co.....565 Mission  
(127) \*Halle, R. H.....261 Bush  
(20) Hancock Bros.....47-49 Jessie  
(158) Hansen Printing Co.....259 Natoma  
(60) \*Hinton, W. M.....641 Stevenson  
(216) Hughes Press.....2040 Polk  
(150) \*International Printing Co.....330 Jackson  
(168) \*\*Lanson & Lauray.....534 Jackson  
(227) Lasky, I.....1203 Fillmore  
(108) Levison Printing Co.....1540 California  
(84) Liberty Press.....25 Fremont  
(45) Liss, H. C.....2305 Mariposa  
(135) Lynch, J. C.....3390 Eighteenth  
(28) \*Majestic Press.....315 Hayes  
(37) Marshall, J. C.....485 Pine  
(95) \*Martin Linotype Co.....215 Leidesdorff  
(68) Mitchell & Goodman.....363 Clay  
(206) \*\*Moir Printing Company.....440 Sansome  
(48) Monarch Printing Co.....1216 Mission  
(24) Morris & Sheridan Co.....343 Front  
(72) McCracken Printing Co.....806 Laguna  
(80) McLean, A. A.....218 Ellis  
(91) McNicoll, John R.....215 Leidesdorff  
(208) \*Neubarth & Co., J. J.....25 Jessie  
(32) \*Norton, R. H.....5716 Geary  
(104) Owl Printing Co.....565 Commercial  
(81) \*Pernau Publishing Co.....753 Market  
(88) \*Polyglot Printing Co.....118 Columbus Ave.  
(143) \*Progress Printing Co.....516 Mission  
(34) Reuter Bros.....513 Valencia  
(64) Richmond Banner, The.....320 Sixth Ave.  
(61) \*Rincon Pub. Co.....643 Stevenson  
(26) Roesch Co., Louis.....Fifteenth and Mission  
(66) Roycroft Press.....461 Bush  
(83) Samuel Printing Co.....16 Larkin  
(145) †S. F. Newspaper Union.....818 Mission  
(58) Severance-Roche Co.....1733 Mission  
(6) Shannon-Conmy Printing Co.....509 Sansome  
(15) Simplex System Co.....136 Pine  
(125) \*Shanley Co., The.....147-151 Minna  
(29) Standard Printing Co.....324 Clay  
(63) \*Telegraph Press.....69 Turk  
(49) Stockwitz Printing Co.....1212 Turk  
(187) \*Town Talk Press.....88 First  
(52) Turner & Dahnen.....942 Market  
(177) United Presbyterian Press.....1074 Guerrero  
(138) Wagner Printing Co.....26 Mint Ave.  
(35) Wale Printing Co.....883 Market  
(36) West End Press.....2436 California  
(43) Western Printing Co.....82 Second  
(51) Widup, Ernest F.....1133 Mission  
(106) Wilcox & Co.....320 First  
(44) \*Williams Printing Co.....350 Sansome  
(76) Wobbers, Inc.....774 Market  
(112) Wolff, Louis A.....64 Elgin Park  
(38) \*West Coast Publishing Co.....30 Sharon

**BOOKBINDERS AND PAPER RULERS.**

- (128) Barry, Edward & Co.....215 Leidesdorff  
(191) Caldwell, Geo. P. & Co.....442 Sansome  
(224) Foster & Futernick Company.....560 Mission  
(225) Hogan Bindery Co.....343 Front  
(231) Houle, A. L. Bindery Co.....509 Sansome  
(221) Ingrisch, Louis L.....340 Sansome  
(108) Levison Printing Co.....1540 California  
(131) Malloye, Frank & Co.....251-253 Bush  
(130) McIntyre, John B.....440 Sansome  
(81) Pernau Publishing Co.....751 Market  
(223) Rotermundt, Hugo L.....45 Ecker  
(200) Slater, John A.....147-151 Minna  
(195) Stumm, E. C.....675 Stevenson  
(168) Thumler & Rutherford.....117 Grant Ave.

**CARTON AND LABEL MANUFACTURERS.**

- (161) Occidental Supply Co.....580 Howard

**GOLD STAMPERS AND EMBOSSEERS.**

- (3) Brunt, Walter N.....880 Mission

**LITHOGRAPHERS.**

- (234) Galloway Lithographing Co., Inc., The....  
.....509-515 Howard  
(26) Roesch Co., Louis.....Fifteenth and Mission

**MAILERS.**

- (219) Rightway Mailing Agency.....880 Mission

**NEWSPAPERS.**

- (126) Ashbury Heights Advance.....1672 Haight  
(139) \*Bien, S. F. Danish-Norwegian.....340 Sansome  
(121) \*California Democrat.....Cor. Annie and Jessie  
(123) \*L'Italia Daily News.....118 Columbus Ave.  
(41) Coast Seamen's Journal.....59 Clay  
(25) \*Daily News.....340 Ninth  
(94) \*Journal of Commerce.....Cor. Annie and Jessie  
(21) Labor Clarion.....16th and Capp  
(141) \*La Voce del Popolo.....641 Stevenson  
(57) \*Leader, The.....643 Stevenson  
(39) \*Mission Enterprise.....3358 Twenty-second  
(144) Organized Labor.....1122 Mission  
(156) Pacific Coast Merchant.....423 Sacramento  
(61) \*Recorder, The.....643 Stevenson  
(32) \*Richmond Record, The.....5716 Geary  
(7) \*Star, The.....1122-1124 Mission  
(38) \*Vestkusten, Swedish.....30 Sharon

**PRESSWORK.**

- (134) Independent Press Room.....348A Sansome  
(103) Lyons, J. F.....330 Jackson  
(122) Periodical Press Room.....509 Sansome

**RUBBER STAMPS.**

- (83) Samuel Printing Co.....16 Larkin

**BADGES AND BUTTONS.**

- (3) Brunt, Walter N.....880 Mission

**TICKET PRINTERS.**

- (20) Hancock Bros.....47-49 Jessie

**PHOTO-ENGRAVERS.**

- (197) Acme Photo-Engraving Co.....259 Minna  
(201) Bingley, Photo-Engraving Co.....573 Mission  
(97) Commercial Art Eng. Co.....53 Third  
(204) Commercial Photo & Engraving Co.....563 Clay  
(202) Congdon, Harry R.....311 Battery  
(198) S. F. Photo-Engraving Co.....215 Leidesdorff  
(209) Salter Bros.....118 Columbus Ave.  
(199) Sierra Art and Engraving.....343 Front  
(207) Western Process Engraving Co.....76 Second

**STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS.**

- (212) Hoffschneider Bros.....140 Second

**We Don't Patronize List.**

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize" list of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of labor unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company.

Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co., boots and shoes.

Gunst, M. A., cigar stores.

Jellison's Cafe, 10 Third.

Kaiser, Fred, grocery store, 400 Clement.

Levi Strauss & Co., garment makers.

Liberty Theatre, Broadway and Stockton.

National Biscuit Co. of Chicago, products.

Pacific Box Factory.

Pacific Oil & Lead Works, 155 Townsend.

Pittsburg-Des Moines Steel Company.

Regent Theatre, Fillmore and Sacramento.

Rosenblum & Abrahams, tailors, 1105 Market

Schmidt Lithograph Co.

St. Francis Theatre, Geary, near Powell.

United Cigar Stores.

Washington Square Theatre, 1741 Powell.

White Lunch Cafeteria.

H. Wissmann, Twenty-fourth avenue and

Clement street, grocer.

Wyatt & Son, 1256 McAllister.

**Typographical Topics**

The funeral of Samuel Less, who died at Camp Devens, Ayer, Mass., on Washington's Birthday, was held Tuesday afternoon, March 5th, from the undertaking parlors of H. F. Suhr & Co., 2919 Mission street. The remains reached this city Saturday morning, March 2nd, having been brought here by the military authorities. The services at the undertaking parlors were conducted in the first instance by the officers of Colma Vista Grand Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles, after which the Rev. Herman Rosenwasser, rabbi of Bush Street Temple, paid an eloquent tribute to the life of Less. The spacious chapel was filled to capacity, delegations being present from the Eagles and the Typographical Union and a large concourse of relatives and friends also testified their esteem and respect by their presence and with beautiful floral offerings. Less's comrades of the Twenty-ninth Engineers, U. S. A., stationed at Camp Devens, also contributed a floral piece. The funeral procession was met at the Presidio gate, where the casket was transferred to the military squad detailed to take charge of the interment, which was at the National Cemetery. After commitment services by Rabbi Rosenwasser, a salute was fired by the attending squad and taps sounded by the bugler.

Herbert Heathcote, an old-time member of No. 21, died at San Francisco Hospital on Saturday, March 2, 1918, after a prolonged illness caused by cancer of the stomach. Heathcote, a native of England, came to California twenty-three years ago and so far as known had no relatives in this country. He was 44 years of age. Funeral services, under auspices of the union, were held on Wednesday, March 6th, from the undertaking parlors of H. J. Truman & Co., being conducted by the Rev. W. E. Dugan. Interment was at Cypress Lawn Cemetery.

Additional information received since the last issue of the "Clarion" is to the effect that Amos Johnson died of gangrene. He was a native of Illinois and had lived in California twenty-four years. The remains were in Visalia City Cemetery. He was 52 years of age.

E. H. Bobbitt, for several years in charge of the plant of the San Francisco Newspaper Union, a branch of the American Type Founders' Company service in this city, has been placed at the head of the department of credits and collections of the company.

Word has been received from Sacramento that newspaper scale negotiations in that city have been successfully concluded. The basis of settlement was a three-year contract, seven and one-half hour day, \$31.50 for day work and \$34.50 night. The adjustment was reached through the assistance of I. T. U. Representative Scott of Los Angeles. It was approved by a unanimous secret vote of the union.

A letter has been received at headquarters from Miss Elinor Burk, Webster Grove, Md., making inquiry regarding the whereabouts of Cole Burk, a former member of No. 21. Any information about Burk may be sent to Secretary Michelson.

Returns from 421 unions, to February 25th, indicate nominations of I. T. U. officers, as follows: Scott, 345; Morcock, 66. Barrett, 335; Terry, 76. Hays, 352; Merritt, 66. Board of Auditors—Barker, 240; Johnson, 164. Delegates A. F. of L.—Max Hayes, 340; Morrison, 289; McCullough, 212; Bonnington, 191; Young, 167; Ferguson, 161; Parsons, 95; Howard, 70; Mullen (withdrawn), 46; Goodkey, 42. Trustees Union Printers Home—Knock, 279; Powell, 273; Ames, 250; Nichols, 243; Mounce, 186; Armstrong, 172; O'Leary, 110; Rudnick, 83.



## Directory of Labor Council Unions

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, San Francisco Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets at headquarters every Monday at 7:30 p. m. Organizing Committee meets at headquarters on second Thursdays at 7:30 p. m. Law and Legislation Committee meets at call of chairman. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters phone—Market 56.

Alaska Fishermen—Meet Fridays, 49 Clay  
Asphalt Workers—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 1—Meet alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 2—Meet alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 3—Meet alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 5—Meet alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Auto Bus Operators' Union—Meets every Thursday, 9 p. m., 84 East. E. H. Buck, Business Agent.  
Automobile and Carriage Painters No. 1073—Meet Thursday evenings, Building Trades Temple.  
Baggage Messengers—Meet 2d Mondays, 146 Steuart.  
Bakers (Cracker) No. 125—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Bakers' Auxiliary (Cracker)—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 1524 Powell.  
Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Bakers No. 134—Victor Jallen, secretary, 2803 Geary.  
Bakery Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Barbers—Meet first and 3d Mondays, 112 Valencia.  
Bartenders No. 41—Meet 1st Mondays at 2:30; other Mondays in evening at 1065 Market.  
Bay and River Steamboatmen—Meet Sundays, headquarters, 10 East. Henry Huntaman, Secretary.  
Beer Drivers No. 227—Meet 2d Tuesdays and 4th Thursdays, headquarters, 177 Capp.  
Beer Bottlers No. 293—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, at headquarters, 177 Capp.  
Bill Posters—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Fifteenth and Mission.  
Blacksmiths and Helpers No. 168—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Boiler Makers No. 6—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Book Binders No. 31—Meet last Fridays, Labor Temple. James D. Kelly, Business Agent, Underwood Building, 525 Market.  
Boot and Shoe Workers No. 216—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Shoe Workers' Hall, Twenty-fourth and Howard.  
Bottle Caners—Meet 1st Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Box Makers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 177 Capp.  
Brass and Chandler Workers No. 158—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays at headquarters, 177 Capp.  
Bridge and Structural Iron Workers No. 31—Meet Mondays, 224 Guerrero.  
Broom Makers—Meet 3d Tuesday.  
Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Butchers No. 508 (Slaughterhousemen)—Meet every Tuesday, Laurel Hall, Seventh and R. R. Avenue.  
Carpenters No. 22—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Carpenters No. 304—Meet Mondays, Carpenters' Hall, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 483—Meet Mondays, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 1082—Meet Tuesdays, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 1640—Meet Thursdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Car Repairers and Trackmen No. 687—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple, Mechanics' Hall.  
Casting Cleaners—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Cemetery Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Cement Workers No. 1—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Chauffeurs No. 265, I. B. of T.—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays in evening, 2d and 4th Thursdays in afternoon, at 215 Willow Avenue. S. T. Dixon, Business Agent.  
Cigar Makers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Cloth Hat and Cap Makers No. 9—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Germania Hall, 15th and Mission. J. Dorfman, Secretary.  
Composition Roofers No. 25—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Cooks' Helpers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays at headquarters, 338 Kearny.  
Cooks No. 44—Meet 2d and 4th Thursday nights; headquarters, 828 Mission.  
Coopers No. 65—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Electrical Workers No. 6—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Electrical Workers No. 92—Meet Wednesdays, 112 Valencia.  
Electrical Workers No. 151—Thursdays, 112 Valencia.  
Electrical Workers No. 537—Wednesdays, 146 Steuart.  
Elevator Conductors and Starters No. 13,105—Meet 3d Monday, Eureka Hall, Building Trades Temple.  
Elevator Constructors No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Federation of Federal Civil Service Employees—Meet 1st Tuesday, Pacific Building; headquarters 742 Pacific Building.  
Foundry Employees—Meet Fridays, 59 Clay.  
Furniture Handlers No. 1—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Garment Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Gas Appliance and Stove Fitters—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. J. Hammerschlag, Secretary.  
Gas and Electric Fixture Hangers No. 404—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Gas and Water Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Glass Bottle Blowers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Glass Packers—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple.  
Glove Workers—Meet 3d Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Glass Packers, Branch No. 45—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple.

Granite Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Grocery Clerks—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; hours, 10 to 11 a. m.  
Hatters' Union—J. Grace, Secretary; 1114 Mission.  
Hoisting Engineers No. 59—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Horsehoers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Housemiths and Iron Workers No. 78—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
House Movers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Ice Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Iron, Tin and Steel Workers No. 5—Meet 1st and 2d Saturdays, Metropolitan Hall, South San Francisco.  
Janitors—Meet 1st Thursdays, 8 p. m., Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Jitney Bus Operators No. 399—R. H. Buck, Business Agent, 56 Steuart.  
Ladies' Garment Workers No. 8—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, 1256 Market.  
Laundry Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Letter Carriers—Meet first Saturday, Los Angeles Hall, Native Sons Building.  
Machinists' Auxiliary, Golden West Lodge No. 1—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Mallers—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Mantel, Grate and Tile Setters—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Marble Workers No. 44—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Marble Cutters No. 38—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Marine Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders—Meet Tuesdays, 58 Commercial.  
Marine Gasoline Engineers No. 471—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays.  
Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Milk Wagon Drivers—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Millmen No. 422—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Millwrights No. 766—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Molders' Auxiliary—Meets 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Mold Makers No. 66—Meet 1st Thursday, Roesch Building.  
Moving Picture Operators, Local No. 162—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, 10 a. m., at headquarters, Musicians' Hall, 68 Haight.  
Musicians—Headquarters, 68 Haight.  
Office Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Painters No. 19—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Pattern Makers—Meet 2d and 4th Friday nights at headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Pavers No. 18—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Photo Engravers No. 8—Meet 1st Sundays at 12 M., in Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 457 Bryant.  
Plasterers No. 66—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Plumbers No. 442—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Postoffice Clerks—Meet 4th Thursdays, Knights of Columbus Hall.  
Press Feeders and Assistants—Meet 2d Thursday, Labor Temple; headquarters, 628 Montgomery, Room 229.  
Printing Pressmen No. 24—Meet 2d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Rammormen—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesday, 8 p. m., Retail Clerks' Club, 32 Turk.  
Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet at headquarters, 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Retail Shoe Clerks No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 8 p. m., Retail Clerks' Club, 32 Turk.  
Riggers and Stevedores—Meet Mondays, 74 Folsom.  
Sailors' Union of the Pacific—Meet Mondays, Maritime Hall Building, 59 Clay.  
Sail Makers—Meet at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Sheet Metal Workers No. 95—Meet 2d Thursdays, 224 Guerrero.  
Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Fridays, 224 Guerrero.  
Shipyard Laborers—Meet Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Sign and Pictorial Painters No. 510—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Stable and Garage Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Stage Employees—68 Haight.  
Stationary Firemen—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Steam Engineers No. 64—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Steam Fitters and Helpers No. 590—Meet 1st and 3d Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Steam Fitters No. 509—Meet Tuesday evenings, 224 Guerrero.  
Steam Laundry Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Labor Temple.  
Steam Shovelmen Dist. No. 4—Meet Wednesdays, 215 Hewes Building.  
Stereotypers and Electrotypers—Meet 2d Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Street Railway Employees, Div. 518—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Sugar Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Switchmen's Union No. 197—Meets 1st and 3d Sundays, 2876 Twenty-fourth.  
Tanners (Journeyman) No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Tailors No. 80—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, 240 Golden Gate Avenue.  
Teamsters—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 536 Bryant.  
Teamsters No. 216—Meet Saturdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Theatrical Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 11 a. m., 68 Haight.  
Tobacco Workers—Meet 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple. Miss M. Kerrigan, Secretary, 290 Fremont.  
Travellers' Goods and Novelty Workers—Tiv Hall, Albion Ave.  
Typographical No. 21—Meets last Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Room 701 Underwood Bldg., 525 Market.  
Undertakers—Meet on call, 3567 Seventeenth.  
United Glass Workers—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
United Laborers of S. F.—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
United Leather Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, 61 Haight.  
Upholsterers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Walters No. 30—Meet 1st Wednesday, 8:30 p. m.; other Wednesdays 2:30 p. m., at headquarters, 828 Mission.  
Waitresses No. 48—Meet Wednesdays, 1095 Market.  
Watchmen No. 15,689—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, 3 p. m., Labor Temple. O. S. Curry, secretary; 1437 Polk.  
Web Pressmen—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Ladies' Auxiliary to Label Section—Meets 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Anti-Jap Laundry League—313-14 Anglo Bldg., Sixteenth and Mission.

## OWNERS BLAMED FOR ALIENS.

Vessel owners and other influences that protest against aliens on American vessels can only blame themselves for present conditions, says the "Labor World" of Duluth, Minn.

"This is no time to squeal," says the editor. "Andrew Furuseth, president of the Seamen's Union, has been telling the people for more than twenty years that irksome and enslaving conditions on American ships have long ago driven red-blooded Americans from the sea. The shipping trust and other marine corporations have done nothing but encourage the employment of Japs, Chinese and other Orientals as seamen. Not until the passage of the much-abused seamen's act was there any attempt in this country, from the time of the civil war, to call back to the sea the able, courageous and intelligent men who were driven from their loved vocation by the greed of the shipping interests.

"Now we are put to the test, and the former exploiters of the sea, to escape the wrath of the nation, are attempting to fasten the blame on the Seamen's Union. But the people long ago were put wise to the truth."

## VICTOR HUGO'S PROPHECY.

A day will come when the only battlefield will be the market open to commerce, and the mind opening to new ideas. A day will come when bullets and bombshells will be replaced by votes, by the universal suffrage of nations, by arbitration of a sovereign senate, which will be to Europe what the Parliament is to England, the Diet to Germany, the Legislative Assembly to France. A day will come when a cannonball will be exhibited in public museums, just as an instrument of torture is now, and the people will be astonished how such a thing could have been. A day will come when these two immense groups, the United States of America and the United States of Europe, shall be seen extending the hand of fellowship across the ocean, exchanging their products, their industry, their arts, their genius, clearing the earth, peopling the deserts, improving creation under the eye of the Creator, and uniting for the good of all these two irresistible and infinite powers—the fraternity of men and the power of God.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow.

Do  
you want to  
increase  
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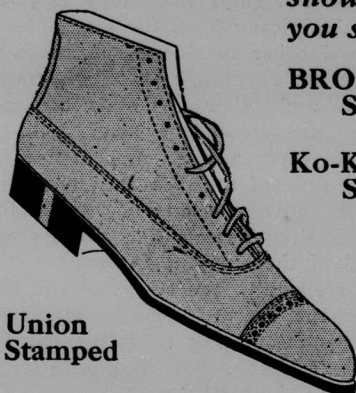
The UNION LABEL originated right here in San Francisco and the people demand it on their purchases.



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TRADING  
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## MACHINISTS HERE FROM EAST.

James T. Bailey, secretary of the local Machinists' Union, reports many machinists arriving here from the East in search of employment in shipyards during the past week. Most of these men are in good standing in the union and are highly skilled. Through the efforts of the United States Employment Service most of these men have been placed in positions where they will render valuable service to the Government in completing its shipbuilding program.

## MOLDERS SEEK MOONEY PARDON.

Molders' Union No. 164 has adopted resolutions petitioning Governor William D. Stephens to extend executive clemency to Thomas J. Mooney, member of the Molders' Union, who is under sentence of death for alleged complicity in the dynamite outrage during the Preparedness Day parade in this city two years ago.

The Molders' Union will do all within its power to secure a complete pardon for Mooney.

## TOKEN OF ESTEEM.

George Sandeman, retiring secretary of the Iron Trades Council, was presented with a diamond-studded gold locket, suitably engraved, by the Iron Trades Council at its last meeting as a token of the high esteem in which Sandeman is held by the men of the Iron Trades Council and affiliated unions. Sandeman held the position of secretary for seventeen consecutive years and resigned to go into business for himself.

## McCABE INVITED TO SPEAK.

William P. McCabe, superintendent of the San Francisco Labor Temple, has been asked by A. Gunn, assistant general manager of the Union Iron Works, to address the employees of that plant during the noon hour, on Monday next, on the part that labor must play to aid the Government in winning the war for democracy.

## LETTER CARRIERS' DELEGATES.

The newly-elected delegates to the San Francisco Labor Council from the Letter Carriers' Union are: R. M. Roche, William Capel, J. C. Daly, C. A. Erickson and Robert S. Logan.

## BLACKSMITHS ORGANIZING.

The Blacksmiths' and Helpers' District Council No. 26 report a successful campaign of organization among the employees of the Mare Island Navy Yard, where the blacksmiths are now about 100 per cent organized.

At the monthly meeting of the Council sixteen candidates were initiated, making a total number of initiations for the month of eighty.

The Council has under consideration a proposition to increase the initiation fee.

## COOKS JOIN LIBERTY LEAGUE.

Cooks' Union No. 44 has affiliated with the California Trades Union Liberty League and will assist that organization in its coming campaign against the movement to make California bone dry.

The union has decided to hold an afternoon meeting each month, the meeting to be held on the fourth Thursday in the month at 2:30 o'clock at headquarters, 828 Mission street.

## BARTENDERS PLAN PICNIC.

Bartenders' Union has completed arrangements for its annual picnic to be held at Shellmound Park on Sunday, April 7th.

At the last meeting of the union, Daniel P. Regan and J. P. McGinley were authorized to appear before the convention of the Wet Federation, held in San Francisco this week, to arrange for the campaign against state-wide prohibition.

## CASEY VISITS FRESNO.

Michael Casey, a vice-president of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, spent the last week in Fresno in the interests of the organization which he represents. Casey reports the labor movement of Fresno in a healthy condition, and that the movement is more united than it has been for some years past.

## CARPENTERS PAY BENEFITS.

During the past week Carpenters' Union No. 483 paid a total of sixty dollars in benefits to members who sustained injuries while at work. Four members were admitted to the union on transfer cards.

## ORPHEUM.

Gertrude Hoffmann, who has scored a tremendous success with her beautiful spectacular and entertaining singing and dancing revue, will enter on the second and last week of her successful engagement next Sunday matinee. A great new bill will also be presented. J. C. Nugent, the famous author-comedian, who has made for himself a splendid reputation as the creator of the two people mono-playlet in American vaudeville, will present his original oddity, "The Squarer," every line of which is worth while and which has a laugh in each quick shot and a finish that is a flash of genius. Mr. Nugent will be assisted by that charming and clever young actress, Miss Jule York. Chas. M. McDonald and James G. Rowland will appear in the entertaining skit, "My Good Friend," in which they impersonate two genuine Irish types. Henry Regal and David Bender will present their witty skit, "Drop Us a Line." After a routine of comedy and acrobatics they create a genuine sensation with a bit of gymnastic hazard and conclude with a feat that is positively startling. Harry and Emma Sharrock, in their skit, "Behind the Grand Stand," not only prove themselves sterling comedians, but also give a marvelous and perplexing exhibition of mind reading. The only remaining hold-overs in this exceptionally fine bill will be Leo Beers in his clever and witty monologue and Phil Kelly and Joe Galvin in their clever and humorous characterization of the actor and the Italian.

## ORGANIZING COMMITTEE BUSY.

The organizing committee of the San Francisco Labor Council has arranged a conference with the federal labor unions of South City and have engaged the services of an Italian interpreter.

The committee has also arranged to meet with the deep water divers, who are anxious to organize.

## TEAMSTERS RAISE WAGES.

An arbitrator has decided in favor of teamsters employed by the St. Louis Transfer Company. Workers who formerly received \$62 a month are increased to \$18.90 a week and \$65 and \$66 month men are advanced to \$21 a week.

## GET EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

More than one thousand employees of the thirty retail lumber firms of San Francisco this week were granted an eight-hour day without any reduction in wages. Heretofore a majority of these men had been working nine hours a day.

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"Blue White"

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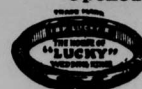
This bond is your Guarantee that you receive actual cash value for your money which we are to refund to you without questions or any argument.

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